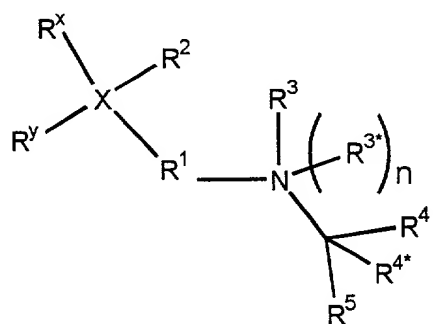


Figure 1 consists of 12 subplots, labeled (a) through (l), each showing the percentage of total catch for a specific fish species from 1980 to 1990. The y-axis for all plots is 'Percentage of total catch' ranging from 0 to 100. The x-axis is 'Year' from 1980 to 1990. The species and their corresponding trends are: (a) Atlantic croaker: starts at ~100% in 1980, drops sharply to ~20% by 1985, and remains low. (b) Atlantic menhaden: starts at ~100% in 1980, drops to ~80% by 1985, and then fluctuates between 60% and 80%. (c) Atlantic bluefish: starts at ~100% in 1980, drops to ~80% by 1985, and then fluctuates between 60% and 80%. (d) Atlantic herring: starts at ~100% in 1980, drops to ~80% by 1985, and then fluctuates between 60% and 80%. (e) Atlantic silverside: starts at ~100% in 1980, drops to ~80% by 1985, and then fluctuates between 60% and 80%. (f) Atlantic tomcod: starts at ~100% in 1980, drops to ~80% by 1985, and then fluctuates between 60% and 80%. (g) Atlantic sand lance: starts at ~100% in 1980, drops to ~80% by 1985, and then fluctuates between 60% and 80%. (h) Atlantic capelin: starts at ~100% in 1980, drops to ~80% by 1985, and then fluctuates between 60% and 80%. (i) Atlantic mummichog: starts at ~100% in 1980, drops to ~80% by 1985, and then fluctuates between 60% and 80%. (j) Atlantic alewife: starts at ~100% in 1980, drops to ~80% by 1985, and then fluctuates between 60% and 80%. (k) Atlantic bluegill: starts at ~100% in 1980, drops to ~80% by 1985, and then fluctuates between 60% and 80%. (l) Atlantic yellow perch: starts at ~100% in 1980, drops to ~80% by 1985, and then fluctuates between 60% and 80%.

5



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.